Hypoglycemia/Hyperglycemia AG

Patient/legal guardian wishes to refuse treatment after dextrose administration for hypoglycemia

Refusal is required when the patient is not a diabetic, the patient is on oral hypoglycemic medications, or takes intermediate and/or long acting insulin.

If the patient’s symptoms have resolved, may consider release without transport. All of the following conditions must be met:

- Not actively vomiting/is tolerating oral intake
- Patient had adequate response to single dose of dextrose - with VS in BLS range, normal mentation, and FSBG within normal limits.
- Patient has no acute conditions other than hypoglycemia (chest pain, shortness of breath, intoxication, liver disease, kidney disease, or febrile illness).
- Patient only on short acting insulin or premixed analog (e.g. NovoLog® 70/30 or Humalog® 70/30)
- Patient is not taking oral agents (other than metformin) for blood glucose control.
- Patient released to competent adult
- Patient or legal guardian refuses transport or patient and providers agree transport is not indicated

New onset hyperglycemia in pediatric patients requires ED evaluation